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(54) Title: FABRIC SOFTENER COMPOSITION AND METHODS FOR MANUFACTURING AND USING

(57) Abstract: A fabric softener composition is provided by melt mixing a fabric softener component and a carrier component to provide a fabric softener composition exhibiting a melting point greater than 90°C. The weight ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component can be between about 1:19 and about 19:1. Methods for manufacturing the fabric softener composition and using the fabric softener composition to soften fabric while drying laundry in a dryer are provided.

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FABRIC SOFTENER COMPOSITION AND METHODS
FOR MANUFACTURING AND USING

Field of the Invention

The invention relates to a fabric softener composition and to methods
5 for manufacturing and using a fabric softener composition.

Background of the Invention

Several types of dryer fabric softeners have been available. One type
of dryer fabric softener is available as a dryer sheet. The dryer sheet is placed in the
dryer along with wet laundry. The sheet is often a nonwoven fabric containing a
10 solid composition that includes a fabric softener and a fragrance. During the drying
cycle, the temperature increases as the laundry dries, causing the fabric softener to
melt and transfer from the nonwoven sheet to the laundry. Dryer sheets are
generally provided for a single use. If the dryer sheet becomes entangled with an
article of laundry, excessive deposition onto that piece of laundry may result in
15 "spotting." Spotting is the condition where concentrated fabric softener causes a
dark spot on a laundry item. For certain dryer sheet products, it is believed that
dispensing of the fabric softener is primarily caused by the heat of the dryer melting
the fabric softener on the dryer sheet. It is believed that this mostly takes place near
the end of the drying cycle when the temperature within the dryer increases.

20 Dryer sheets containing fabric softeners are described by U.S. Patent
No. 3,442,692 to Gaiser; U.S. Patent No. 3,686,025 to Morton; U.S. Patent
No. 4,834,895 to Cook et al.; U.S. Patent No. 5,041,230 to Borchert, Sr. et al.; and
U.S. Patent No. 5,145,595 to Morris et al.

Another type of dryer fabric softener is available as a pouch
25 containing a fabric softener composition. The pouch can be attached to the dryer
drum. During the drying cycle, the increase in temperature can melt a portion of the
composition inside the pouch. The melted composition then passes through the
pouch and transfers to the laundry. The pouch type dryer fabric softener can be
available for multiple uses. An example of the pouch type dryer fabric softener was
30 available under the name "Free 'N Soft" from Economics Laboratory of St. Paul,

Minnesota. Examples of pouch type dryer fabric softeners are disclosed by U.S. Patent No. 3,870,145 to Mizuno; U.S. Patent No. 3,967,008 to Mizuno et al.; and U.S. Patent No. 4,098,937 to Mizuno et al.

Additional fabric softener compositions are disclosed by U.S. Patent
5 No. 3,972,131 to Rudy et al. and U.S. Patent No. 4,035,307 to Fry et al.

Summary of the Invention

A fabric softener composition is provided according to the invention. The fabric softener composition includes a result of melt mixing a fabric softener component and a carrier component to provide a fabric softener composition
10 exhibiting a melting point greater than 90°C. The weight ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component is between about 1:19 and about 19:1.

A method for manufacturing a fabric softener composition is provided according to the invention. The method includes a step of melt mixing a fabric softener component and a carrier component at a weight ratio of between
15 about 1:19 and about 19:1 to provide a fabric softener composition exhibiting a melting point greater than 90°C. Techniques for melt mixing include extrusion and injection molding.

A method for drying laundry is provided according to the invention. The method includes steps of attaching a fabric softener composition to an inside
20 wall of a dryer, and drying laundry in the dryer in the presence of the fabric softener composition. The fabric softener composition can lose between about 0.01 gram and about 1.0 gram per pound of dry laundry for each drying cycle in the dryer.

Detailed Description of the Invention

A fabric softener composition for use in a dryer is provided by the
25 invention. The fabric softener composition can be referred to more simply as the composition, and can be provided in a form that allows it to be made available for multiple uses. By multiple uses, it is meant that the composition can be used to deliver a desired amount of fabric softening to laundry during at least two cycles for drying laundry before it needs to be replaced. It should be understood that the term
30 "laundry" refers to any textile or fabric material that is laundered.

The dryers in which the fabric softener composition according to the invention can be used include any type of dryer that uses heat and agitation to remove water from the laundry. An exemplary dryer includes a tumble-type dryer where the laundry is provided within a rotating drum that causes the laundry to tumble during the operation of the dryer. Tumble-type dryers are commonly found in residences and in commercial and industrial laundry operations.

It is believed that the fabric softener composition according to the invention releases an effective fabric softening amount of the fabric softener component to laundry during a drying cycle in a dryer by a mechanism other than melting the fabric softener composition. It is believed that an effective fabric softening amount of the fabric softener component is transferred to the laundry as a result of contact between the wet laundry and the fabric softener composition in the dryer. The exact mechanism of the transfer is not precisely known, but it is believed that the transfer is likely the result of the wet laundry solubilizing a portion of the fabric softener composition and/or a rubbing off of a portion of the fabric softener composition onto the wet laundry as the wet laundry contacts the fabric softener composition during the tumbling operation in a dryer. As the laundry dries, it is expected that less of the fabric softener component of the fabric softener composition will transfer to the laundry.

The fabric softener composition includes a fabric softener component and a carrier component. The fabric softener component provides fabric softening properties. The fabric softener component can additionally impart antistatic properties to the laundry. The carrier component mixes with the fabric softener component and helps the fabric softener component resist transfer to laundry by melting during the drying operation. The carrier component is chosen so that the fabric softener composition exhibits a melting point or softening point that is above the operating temperature of the dryer. In most dryer operations, this means that the melting temperature of the fabric softener composition is above about 90°C. The melting temperature or the softening temperature of the fabric softener composition can be above about 95°C, above about 100°C, above about 110°C, or above about 120°C. The melting temperature of the fabric softener composition can be below 200°C. The melting temperature of the fabric softener composition refers to the

temperature at which the composition begins to flow under its own weight. As the fabric softener composition reaches its melting point, one will observe the composition undergoing a transfer from a solid discreet mass to a flowable liquid. Although a differential scanning calorimeter (DSC) measurement of the composition
5 may reveal that certain portions or phases of the composition may exhibit melting at temperatures that are within the operating temperatures of a dryer, it should be understood that what is meant by the melting temperature of the composition is not the melting temperature of certain portions or phases within the composition, but the melting temperature of the composition as demonstrated by the composition being
10 visibly observed as a flowable liquid. It is expected that the fabric softener composition may be provided as a solid mixture including multiple phases or as a solid solution including a single phase. The softening temperature of the composition refers to the temperature at which the solid mass becomes easily deformable. For many exemplary compositions according to the invention, it is
15 expected that the softening temperature will be a few degrees below the melting temperature.

The fabric softener component can include any component, that when melt mixed with the carrier component to, provides a fabric softener composition exhibiting a desired melting temperature of greater than about 90°C, and that
20 provides fabric softening properties to laundry as a result of its presence in the fabric softener composition when used during the operation of drying wet laundry in a dryer. Exemplary components that can be used as the fabric softener component include those fabric softeners that are commonly used in the laundry drying industry to provide fabric softening properties.

25 A general type of fabric softener component that can be used according to the invention can be referred to as quaternary ammonium compounds. Exemplary quaternary ammonium compounds include alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds, ring or cyclic quaternary ammonium compounds, aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds, diquaternary ammonium compounds,
30 alkoxylated quaternary ammonium compounds, amidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds, ester quaternary ammonium compounds, and mixtures thereof.

Exemplary alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds include ammonium compounds having an alkyl group containing between 6 and 24 carbon atoms. Exemplary alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds include monoalkyl trimethyl quaternary ammonium compounds, monomethyl trialkyl quaternary ammonium compounds, and dialkyl dimethyl quaternary ammonium compounds. Examples of the alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds are available commercially under the names Adogen™, Arosurf®, Variquat®, and Varisoft®. The alkyl group can be a C₈-C₂₂ group or a C₈-C₁₈ group or a C₁₂-C₂₂ group that is aliphatic and saturated or unsaturated or straight or branched, an allyl group, a benzyl group, an alkyl ether propyl group, hydrogenated-tallow group, coco group, stearyl group, palmityl group, and soya group. Exemplary ring or cyclic quaternary ammonium compounds include imidazolinium quaternary ammonium compounds and are available under the name Varisoft®. Exemplary imidazolinium quaternary ammonium compounds include methyl-1hydr. tallow amido ethyl-2-hydr. tallow imidazolinium-methyl sulfate, methyl-1-tallow amido ethyl-2-tallow imidazolinium-methyl sulfate, methyl-1-oleyl amido ethyl-2-oleyl imidazolinium-methyl sulfate, and 1-ethylene bis (2-tallow, 1-methyl, imidazolinium-methyl sulfate). Exemplary aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds include those compounds that have at least one benzene ring in the structure. Exemplary aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds include dimethyl alkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compounds, monomethyl dialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compounds, trimethyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compounds, and trialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compounds. The alkyl group can contain between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms, and can contain between about 10 and about 18 carbon atoms, and can be a stearyl group or a hydrogenated tallow group. Exemplary aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds are available under the names Variquat® and Varisoft®. The aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds can include multiple benzyl groups. Diquaternary ammonium compounds include those compounds that have at least two quaternary ammonium groups. An exemplary diquaternary ammonium compound is N-tallow pentamethyl propane diammonium dichloride and is available under the name Adogen 477. Exemplary alkoxylated quaternary ammonium compounds include methyldialkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compounds,

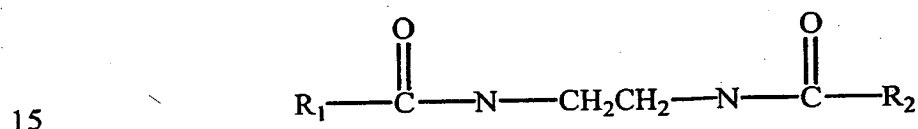
trialkoxo alkyl quaternary ammonium compounds, trialkoxy methyl quaternary ammonium compounds, dimethyl alkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compounds, and trimethyl alkoxy quaternary ammonium compounds. The alkyl group can contain between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms and the alkoxy groups can contain between about 1 and about 50 alkoxy groups units wherein each alkoxy unit contains between about 2 and about 3 carbon atoms. Exemplary alkoxylated quaternary ammonium compounds are available under the names Variquat®, Varstat®, and Variquat®. Exemplary amidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds include diamidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds. Exemplary diamidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds are available under the name Varisoft®. Exemplary amidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds that can be used according to the invention are methyl-bis(tallow amidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, methyl bis (oleylamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, and methyl bis (hydr.tallowamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate. Exemplary ester quaternary compounds are available under the name Stephantex™.

The quaternary ammonium compounds can include any counter ion that allows the component to be used in a manner that imparts fabric-softening properties according to the invention. Exemplary counter ions include chloride, methyl sulfate, ethyl sulfate, and sulfate.

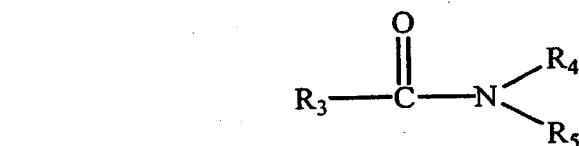
Quaternary ammonium compounds that can be used as fabric softener components can be available as relatively pure or concentrated quaternary ammonium compounds or they can be provided in a medium. Exemplary mediums include solvents and/or surfactants. When the quaternary ammonium compounds are provided in a medium, they can be provided in the medium in an amount of between at least about 50 wt.%, or between about 50 wt.% and about 99 wt.%, or between about 70 wt.% and about 95 wt.%, or between about 75 wt.% and about 90 wt.%. Exemplary mediums for the quaternary ammonium compounds include alcohols, glycols, nonionics, fatty alcohols, fatty acids, triglycerides, and solid esters. An exemplary alcohol that can be used is isopropanol. Exemplary glycols that can be used include hexylene glycol and propylene glycol. Exemplary nonionics include ethoxylated alcohols. Exemplary fatty alcohols include stearyl

alcohols. Exemplary fatty acids include hard tallow acids and stearic acid. Exemplary triglycerides include hydrogenated tallow. Exemplary solid esters include stearyl stearate.

The carrier component of the fabric softener composition can be any component that helps contain the fabric softener component within the composition, allows the fabric softener component to transfer to wet laundry, and provides the fabric softener composition with a melting temperature or a softening temperature that is greater than the operating temperature of the dryer. Exemplary carrier components that can be used according to the invention include ethylene bisamides, primary alkylamides, alkanolamides, polyamides, alcohols containing at least 12 carbon atoms, alkoxyated alcohols containing alkyl chain of at least 12 carbon atoms, carboxylic acids containing at least 12 carbon atoms, and derivatives thereof. Exemplary ethylene bisamides include those having the following formula:

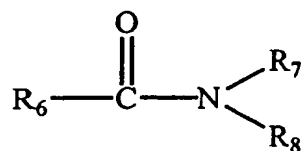


wherein R_1 and R_2 are alkyl groups containing at least 6 carbon atoms, and can be straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic, and can include ethylene oxide groups and/or propylene oxide groups. R_1 and R_2 can be C_6 - C_{24} alkyl groups. R_1 and R_2 can be the same or different. Exemplary ethylene bisamides include ethylene bisteramide, ethylene bisoleamide, and ethylene bisbehenamide. Exemplary primary alkylamides include those having the following formula:



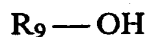
wherein R_3 is a C_6 - C_{24} alkyl group that may be straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic, and R_4 and R_5 can be hydrogen or C_1 - C_{24} alkyl groups that are straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic.

R_4 and R_5 can be the same or different. An exemplary primary alkylamide is stearamide. Exemplary alkanolamides include those having the following formula:

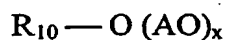


5

Wherein R_6 is a C_6 - C_{24} alkyl group that may be straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic. R_7 and R_8 can be the same or different. When they are different, one can be hydrogen and the other can be an alkanol group such as C_2H_4OH or C_3H_6OH . When they are the same, they can each be an alkanol group
 10 such as C_2H_4OH or C_3H_6OH . Exemplary alcohols include those having the following formula:



15 wherein R_9 is a C_{12} to C_{24} alkyl group that can be straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic. Exemplary alcohols include stearyl alcohol and behenyl alcohol. Exemplary alkoxylated alcohols include those having the formula:



20

wherein R_{10} is a C_{12} - C_{24} alkyl group that is straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, cyclic or noncyclic, and AO is an ethylene oxide or propylene oxide group, and x is a number from 1 to 100.

Additional components that can be included in the fabric softener
 25 composition include plasticizers and fragrances.

The fabric softener composition can be prepared by mixing the fabric softener component and the carrier component and any additional desired components at a temperature sufficient to melt all the components. The step of mixing preferably takes place at a temperature in excess of about 100°C . In general,

the components should not be mixed at a temperature that is so high that it harms or discolors the components of the composition. For many components of the fabric softener composition, the mixing temperature can be less than about 180°C. An exemplary range for mixing is between about 120°C and about 150°C. Once the components are sufficiently mixed, the composition is shaped to provide a desired form. The form can be provided as a solid unitary structure. Exemplary forms include blocks or strips that can be placed within a drying machine so that a surface of the fabric softener composition is exposed to laundry during the drying operation. Exemplary forms include a rectangular block and a rectangular strip. Additional forms include half-cylindrical shapes with the exposed surfaces and edges being curved or rounded for better dispensing. The fabric softener composition can be provided having a size of at least about 5 grams. When the fabric softener composition is provided having a size of at least about 5 grams, it is expected that it will provide fabric softening and/or antistatic properties for laundry in multiple cycles of a dryer. An exemplary size is about 30g to about 170g.

The fabric softener component and the carrier component can be mixed together to provide a fabric softener composition that releases a desired amount of fabric softener component during the drying cycle when placed inside of a dryer. An exemplary weight ratio of fabric softener component to carrier component is between about 1:19 to about 19:1. The ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component can be between about 1:10 and about 10:1, and can be between about 3:7 and about 9:1. It should be understood that the reference to the fabric softener component refers to the component responsible for providing fabric-softening properties, and is not meant to include the medium that may be present with the fabric softener component. That is, the fabric softener component may be commercially available in a medium that can be a solvent or a surfactant. Furthermore, the medium can be the same as or different from the carrier component.

The fabric softener composition can be attached to the inside of a dryer. The fabric softener composition can be attached on a dryer fin of a tumble dryer so that the composition contacts the wet laundry during the drying operation. It is believed that the contact between the wet laundry and the formed composition

causes a transfer of the fabric softener component to the wet laundry. It is believed that the composition can be attached to the inside of the dryer by a cradle such as the cradle disclosed by United States Patent Application Serial No. _____ (identified by Attorney Docket No. 117P45US01), filed on April 10, 2002, the entire disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

During the drying cycle, the fabric softener composition should release a sufficient amount of the fabric softener composition to provide a desired level of softening properties and, if desired, antistatic properties. In addition, the fabric softener composition should not release too much of the fabric softener component that would result in spotting of the laundry. It is expected that during the drying cycle, the fabric softener composition will lose between about 0.01 to about 1.0 gram of the fabric softener composition per pound of dry laundry. The amount of loss per drying cycle can be between about 0.02 to 0.75 gram of the fabric softener composition per pound of dry laundry, and can be between about 0.05 to 0.50 gram of fabric softener composition per pound of dry laundry. In the situation where a dryer that is rated for a 30 pound capacity is used to dry laundry, the dry weight of the laundry is typically about 15 pounds. In this situation, a block of fabric softener composition having a size of about 150 grams is expected to lose about 1.5 grams per drying cycle and provide softening for 100 cycles. It should be understood that the size of the dryer and the size of the fabric softener composition can vary for different types of dryers and drying conditions. For example, there are various sizes of dryers that are commonly used in industrial laundry facilities and in residential or consumer environments.

25

Example 1

Seventeen fabric softener compositions for use in a dryer and providing antistatic and softening properties are presented in Table 1. The compositions are provided as solids exhibiting a melting point above 100°C.

Table 1: Fabric Softener Compositions

Trade Name	Chemical Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Arosurf TA 100	Distearyl dimethyl ammonium chloride, 95%; propylene glycol, 5%	50.0	60.0	70.0	77.0	67.0	57.0	60.5	55.5	45.5	40.5	47.5	46.5			28.0	
Arosurf TA 101	Distearyl dimethyl ammonium chloride, 100%													30.0	25.0		
Acrawax C	Ethylene bistearamide	50.0	40.0	30.0	20.0		15.0	35.0	30.0	50.0	55.0	52.5	51.5	45.0	45.0	45.0	55.0
Witco Wax	Stearic monothanolamide					30.0	25.0		10.0								
Tipinol CBS-S	Distyryl biphenyl derivative (optical brightener)				2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5						
Fresh n Clean	Fragrance				0.5	0.5	0.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0						
Table 1 (continued)																	
M-95	sarcosinate, 95%												2.0				
Finquat CT	Quaternium 75 (a cationic quaternary ammonium ethosulfate)													2.0	5.0	2.0	
Varisoft DS-100	Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium													23.0			

Trade Name	Chemical Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	methyl sulfate, 70%; nonionic surfactant, 30%																
Varisoft 136-100	Dihydrogenated tallow dimethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, 70%; alcohol ethoxylate, 30%														25.0		
Varisoft 110-75%	Methyl bis- (hydrogenated tallow amidoethyl) 2- hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, 75%; Isopropanol, 25%															25.0	45.0
TOTAL		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Melting Point (C)																	
Wt						7.24	>26.00	6.72	8	4.74	2.13			120- 125		127	125- 130
Loss/cycle														6.57			

Preliminary dispensing rates of some of the fabric softening compositions of Table 1 were obtained and shown at the bottom of the table. In each test, the fabric softening composition is coated on a plastic carrier which is then locked into place on a dispenser adhered on the dryer fin. Average dispensing rate was obtained by weight difference after multiple standard wash and dry cycles with 30 lb. dry weight terry towels.

A desired amount of the fabric softening composition to provide fabric softening properties can be released during the drying cycle. In this example, dispensing of the product was measured by weight loss. Approximate dosage requirements for the solid fabric softener were developed based on comparisons to current liquid softeners. Current liquid softeners deliver between 75-150 ppm of softening agent per cycle. For example, a liquid laundry softener with 6% active softening agent with a dose recommendation at 2-3 oz/100 wt. (100 lb. dry weight linen in the wash mashine) would deliver the following ppm active softening agent:

15

$$\frac{0.06 \text{ active softening agent} \times (2 - 3 \text{ oz}) \times 28.35 \text{ g} \times 1,000,000}{100 \text{ lbs} \times 454 \text{ g / lbs}} = 75 - 112 \text{ ppm}$$

For comparison, a target solid fabric softening composition with 45% active softening component and a dispensing rate of 4 grams per cycle in the dryer will deliver the following ppm active softening agent:

20

$$\frac{0.45 \text{ active} \times (4 \text{ grams}) \times 1,000,000}{30 \text{ lbs} \times 454 \text{ g / lbs}} = 132 \text{ ppm}$$

Referring to Table 1, composition 10 meets these criteria.

25

Composition 10 was further tested by running a twenty cycle test to test for yellowing and softening. For the test, a liquid detergent containing no optical brightener was used for the wash cycles. To test for whiteness retention, eight new white terry towels were read on the Hunter Lab Instrument prior to testing for whiteness index (WI) and yellowing index (YI). After 10, 15 and 20 cycles, towels were removed and reread on the Hunter Lab Instrument for WI and YI

30

numbers. The results of the twenty-cycle test show the fabric softener composition had an average dose of 4.19 grams per cycle (Table 2). All of the towels after twenty cycles had a yellow-green appearance, noticeable in the large drop in WI and YI (Table 3).

5

Table 2: Dispensing data for dryer strip of Composition 10

Cycle #	wt. Initial	wt. Final	wt. Loss	Comments
1	74.69	70.79	3.90	Start with new strip.
2	65.59	57.59	8.00	
3	91.82	85.22	6.60	Replace with new strip.
4	85.22	79.17	6.05	
5	79.17	74.96	4.21	
6	74.96	70.73	4.23	
7	70.73	66.9	3.83	
8	66.9	62.28	4.62	
9	62.28	57.35	4.93	
10	57.35	52.98	4.37	
11	52.98	50.62	2.36	
12	50.62	47.91	2.71	
13	106.85	101.33	5.52	Replace with new strip.
14	101.33	96.78	4.55	
15	96.78	92.48	4.30	
16	92.48	89.46	3.02	
17	89.46	86.87	2.59	
18	86.87	84.59	2.28	
19	84.59	81.42	3.17	
20	74.69	72.09	2.60	Replace with new strip.
Average			4.19	

The average ppm active softening agent delivered by Composition 10 in the dryer per drying cycle can be calculated as:

$$\frac{(0.455 \times 0.95) \text{ active} \times (4.19 \text{ grams}) \times 1,000,000}{30 \text{ lbs} \times 454 \text{ g/lbs}} = 133 \text{ ppm}$$

Table 3: Whiteness Retention Results

Towel ID	# of cycles	L* before	YI initial	WI initial	L* final	YI final	WI final	delta YI	delta WI	Whiteness Retention (%)
L	10	96.12	4.91	72.74	95.77	5.01	71.68	-0.1	1.06	98.54
N	10	96.12	5.87	69.28	95.52	5.60	69.13	0.27	0.15	99.78
J	15	96.58	3.26	79.57	95.28	5.92	67.55	-2.66	12.02	84.89
K	15	96.07	2.58	80.95	94.97	6.68	64.33	-4.1	16.62	79.47
I	20	97.13	3.25	80.79	94.29	8.05	58.46	-4.8	22.33	72.36
O	20	96.37	3.97	76.67	94.38	8.52	56.54	-4.55	20.13	73.75
M	20	96.18	4.79	73.26	94.13	8.63	56.23	-3.84	17.03	76.75
P	20	96.37	4.11	76.10	94.33	9.13	54.82	-5.02	21.28	72.04

5

Example 2

Composition 17 in Table 1 uses a fabric softener component that can be considered non-yellowing. The fabric softener component is available under the name Varisoft 110-75% and includes 75% methyl bis-(hydrogenated tallow amidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, and 25% isopropanol. It is believed that during the melt mixing and casting of fabric softening composition 17, most, if not all, of the isopropanol flashed off. The twenty-cycle test was repeated with composition 17. Fifteen pounds of dry terry towel were used in this test, and WI and YI readings were taken before and after twenty cycles. The average weight loss with this formulation was 0.976 grams/cycle. This calculates to be approximately 54.5 ppm of active fabric softener component per cycle.

Calculation:

$$\frac{(0.45 \times 0.75) / (0.45 \times 0.75 + 0.55) \text{ active softening component} \times (0.976 \text{ grams}) \times 1,000,000}{15 \text{ lbs} \times 454 \text{ g/lbs}} = 54.5 \text{ ppm}$$

5

Table 4: Dispensing data for Composition 17; 20 cycle test with Composition 17 used in the dryer for the drying cycles; 70 grams of a commercial liquid detergent without optical brightener used in the wash cycles

Cycle	Initial Wt.	Final Wt	Wt. Loss
1	48.85	47.71	1.14
2	54.21	52.72	1.49
3	52.72	51.20	1.52
4	51.20	50.00	1.20
5	50.00	49.02	0.98
6	49.02	47.97	1.05
7	47.97	47.06	0.91
8	71.74	70.18	1.56
9	70.18	68.67	1.51
10	94.28		
20		86.12	8.16
Average over all 20 cycles			0.976

10

Table 5: Whiteness retention results with the use of dryer fabric softening composition Composition 17

Towel ID	# of cycles	L* before	YI initial	WI initial	L* final	YI final	WI final	delta YI	delta WI	Whiteness Retention (%)
10	10	96.37	4.11	76.10	95.86	4.41	73.99	-0.3	2.11	97.23
15	15	97.13	3.25	80.79	95.97	3.55	77.25	-0.3	3.54	95.62
20	20	96.18	4.79	75.34	95.09	4.82	71.03	-0.03	4.31	94.28

Example 3

Additional fabric softening compositions are identified in Table 6.

Composition 23 includes a non-yellowing fabric softener component available under the name Varisoft DS-110, and includes 70% methyl bis(hydrogenated tallow amidoethyl)- 2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, and 30% alcohol ethoxylate. The fabric softening quaternary ammonium compound was manufactured in a medium of alcohol ethoxylate.

Composition 23 was tested in a 20-cycle (wash and dry) test. Fifteen pounds of dry terry towel was used for this test. Results are shown in Tables 7 and 8. After twenty cycles, the average dispensing rate per cycle was 2.62 grams, delivering an average of 130 ppm active softening component.

Table 6: Fabric Softening Composition

		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Trade Name	Chemical Structure							
Acrax C	Ethylene bistaramide	55.0	40.0	40.0	50.0	52.5	51.5	51.5
Finquat CT	Quaternium 75 (a cationic quaternary ammonium ethosulfate)			5.0				
Varisoft 110 75%	Methyl bis-(hydrogenated tallow amidoethyl) 2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, 75%; Isopropanol, 25%	45.0	60.0	50.0	50.0	47.5	48.5	
Abil Quat 3272	Quaternium 80			5.0				
Varisoft DS-110	Methyl bis-(hydrogenated tallow amidoethyl) 2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate, 70%; alcohol ethoxylate, 30%							48.5
TOTAL		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Melting Point (C)		125-130						
Wt Loss/cycle length		1.04 8.5"	3.99 8 3/4"		2.83	2.22 8.5"	1.82 8.5"	2.62 8.5"

Table 7: Whiteness retention results with the use of dryer fabric softening composition Composition 23

cycles	delta WI	delta YI	Whiteness Retention (%)
8	1.08	0.13	98.58
15	1.42	0.04	98.24
20	4.53	0.34	93.99

Table 8: Dispensing data for Composition 23

cycle	wt	wt final	wt loss/cycle
1	95.82		
2			
3			
4		79.13	4.1725
5	70.7		
6			
7			
8		66.75	0.9875
9			3.5
10	81.84	78.93	2.91
11			
12			
13			
14			
15	78.93	69.1	1.966
16	broke		
17	64.42		
18	61.77		
19			
20		55.18	2.197
Average			2.62

5 Calculations

$$\frac{0.485 \text{ softener component} \times (0.70 \text{ active}) \times (2.62 \text{ grams}) \times 1,000,000}{15 \text{ lbs} \times 454 \text{ g / lbs}} = 130 \text{ ppm}$$

Example 4

The following example was conducted to evaluate the antistatic properties of the fabric softener composition according to the invention. The antistatic properties were determined by measuring electrical charge in units of coulombs using an electrometer model 610C from Keithley Instruments. The electric charge was measured between a first cylinder having a size of 20 gallons provided within a second cylinder having a size of 31 gallons. Terry cloth towels were removed from the dryer and placed, one at a time, into the 20 gallon cylinder and the electric charge between the two cylinders was measured.

The results of this example are reported in the following tables wherein each table represents a side-by-side comparison between a drying operation in the presence of composition 23, and a second operation in the absence of a fabric softening composition. In each operation, 15 lb dry weight basis terry cloth towels were used. The results are reported in the following tables.

Table 9

Items dried		terry towels		Items dried		terry towels		Items dried		terry towels	
Dryer time		45 mins		Dryer time		45 mins		Dryer time		45 mins	
Ambient temp		80.2		Ambient temp		79.2		Ambient temp		82.4	
Humidity		24%		Humidity		21%		Humidity		19%	
Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No
-	1.80E-08	+	7.00E-08	-	4.50E-08	-	8.00E-09	-	1.00E-07	-	1.20E-08
-	6.00E-09	+	5.00E-08	-	1.90E-08	-	1.20E-08	-	4.60E-08	-	1.40E-08
-	6.00E-09	+	5.00E-08	-	7.00E-09	-	1.50E-08	-	7.00E-08	-	3.00E-08
-	1.40E-08	+	6.00E-08	+	4.00E-09	-	1.60E-08	-	2.50E-08	-	4.00E-08
-	1.00E-08	+	1.15E-07	-	3.40E-08	-	2.80E-08	-	4.00E-08	-	9.00E-08
-	4.00E-09	+	4.50E-08	-	1.10E-08	-	7.00E-09	-	3.80E-08	-	5.00E-08
+	2.00E-08	+	8.00E-08	-	1.90E-08	-	7.50E-08	-	2.60E-08	-	1.20E-07
+	3.00E-09	+	1.50E-07	-	1.00E-08	-	8.00E-08	-	1.00E-07	-	1.00E-07
+	2.00E-09	+	6.50E-08	-	6.00E-09	-	6.00E-08	-	8.00E-09	-	1.60E-07
+	3.00E-09	+	7.00E-08	-	4.00E-09	-	1.10E-07	-	1.20E-08	-	2.00E-07
		+	1.40E-07	+	2.00E-09	-	1.40E-07	-	4.60E-08	-	1.00E-07
		+	1.10E-07			-	9.00E-08	-	2.40E-08	-	1.40E-07
Ave	8.60E-09	Ave	8.38E-08	Ave	1.46E-08	Ave	5.34E-08	Ave	3.71E-08	Ave	8.80E-08
SD	6.59E-09	SD	3.61E-08	SD	1.37E-08	SD	4.54E-08	SD	2.67291E-08	SD	6.03866E-08
% Reduction		89.73		% Reduction		72.60		% Reduction		57.86	
Wt initial		163.82		Wt initial		157.71		Wt initial		153.58	
Wt final		157.71		Wt final		153.58		Wt final		149	
difference		6.11/15 lb dry weight		difference		4.13		difference		4.58	

Target = 1.50g / 15 lb.

Table 10

Items dried		terry towels		Items dried		terry towels		Items dried		terry towels	
Dryer time		45 mins		Dryer time		45 mins		Dryer time		45 mins	
Ambient temp		80.2		Ambient temp		81.6		Ambient temp		79.7	
Humidity		25%		Humidity		25%		Humidity		24%	
Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No	Composition	No
23	Composition	23	Composition	23	Composition	23	Composition	23	Composition	23	Composition
3.00E-08	6.00E-08	2.20E-08	1.00E-08	2.20E-08	1.00E-08	2.20E-08	1.00E-08	4.00E-09	2.20E-08	4.00E-09	2.20E-08
7.00E-08	1.00E-07	2.40E-08	2.20E-08	2.40E-08	2.20E-08	2.40E-08	2.20E-08	4.00E-09	3.20E-08	4.00E-09	3.20E-08
1.20E-08	1.00E-07	2.00E-08	4.00E-08	2.00E-08	4.00E-08	2.00E-08	4.00E-08	1.60E-08	4.40E-08	1.60E-08	4.40E-08
1.20E-08	3.00E-08	1.00E-08	5.00E-08	1.00E-08	5.00E-08	1.00E-08	5.00E-08	4.00E-09	5.00E-08	4.00E-09	5.00E-08
4.60E-08	4.00E-08	8.00E-09	2.00E-08	8.00E-09	2.00E-08	8.00E-09	2.00E-08	2.20E-08	3.00E-08	2.20E-08	3.00E-08
4.00E-08	1.80E-08	2.00E-09	3.40E-08	2.00E-09	3.40E-08	2.00E-09	3.40E-08	1.00E-08	1.80E-08	1.00E-08	1.80E-08
3.50E-08	1.20E-07	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	6.00E-09	3.00E-08	6.00E-09	3.00E-08
5.00E-08	4.40E-08	4.00E-09	1.20E-08	4.00E-09	1.20E-08	4.00E-09	1.20E-08	1.20E-08	3.80E-08	1.20E-08	3.80E-08
2.40E-08	7.00E-08	1.00E-08	1.80E-08	1.00E-08	1.80E-08	1.00E-08	1.80E-08	1.80E-08	3.00E-08	1.80E-08	3.00E-08
4.60E-08	8.00E-08	1.20E-08	8.50E-08	1.20E-08	8.50E-08	1.20E-08	8.50E-08	1.80E-08	2.00E-08	1.80E-08	2.00E-08
8.00E-08	1.00E-07	1.00E-08	9.00E-08	1.00E-08	9.00E-08	1.00E-08	9.00E-08	1.00E-08	3.00E-08	1.00E-08	3.00E-08
7.00E-08			6.00E-08		6.00E-08		6.00E-08				
Ave	4.29E-08	Ave	6.93E-08	Ave	1.22E-08	Ave	3.78E-08	Ave	1.13E-08	Ave	3.13E-08
SD	2.22E-08	SD	3.36E-08	SD	7.07E-09	SD	2.81E-08	SD	6.46E-09	SD	9.76E-09
% Reduction		38.05		% Reduction		67.73		% Reduction		63.95	
Wt initial		82.02		Wt initial		79.91		Wt initial		77.66	
Wt final		79.91		Wt final		77.96		Wt final		76.90	
difference		2.11 g		difference		1.95 g		difference		0.76 g	

Table 11

Items dried	Items dried	Items dried	Items dried
Dryer time	Dryer time	Dryer time	Dryer time
Ambient temp	Ambient temp	Ambient temp	Ambient temp
Humidity	Humidity	Humidity	Humidity
terry towels	terry towels	terry towels	terry towels
45 mins	45 mins	45 mins	45 mins
77	77.1	77.3	77.3
21%	21%	21%	21%
Composition	Composition	Composition	Composition
23	23	23	23
No	No	No	No
Composition	Composition	Composition	Composition
3.00E-07	2.20E-07	2.40E-07	1.40E-07
5.80E-08	2.00E-07	2.60E-07	3.00E-07
2.60E-07	2.40E-07	8.00E-08	1.20E-07
2.00E-07	1.40E-07	1.00E-07	2.20E-07
3.00E-07	1.20E-07	6.00E-07	1.00E-07
2.50E-07	1.60E-07	1.00E-07	1.40E-07
5.50E-07	1.40E-07	4.00E-07	7.00E-08
3.50E-07	1.40E-07	1.20E-07	1.00E-07
1.80E-07	2.00E-07	8.00E-08	1.40E-07
3.20E-07	1.40E-07		4.00E-08
1.60E-07	8.00E-08		4.20E-07
2.20E-07			1.20E-07
Ave	Ave	Ave	Ave
SD	SD	SD	SD
2.28E-07	1.62E-07	2.20E-07	1.37E-07
8.33E-08	4.77E-08	1.79E-07	7.4658E-08
% Reduction	% Reduction	% Reduction	% Reduction
Wt initial	Wt initial	Wt initial	Wt initial
Wt final	Wt final	Wt final	Wt final
difference	difference	difference	difference
11.87	26.45	22.87	22.87
48.75	47.04	45.88	45.88
47.04	45.88	44.66	44.66
1.71g	1.16g	1.22g	1.22g

Example 5

Another composition of this invention is represented by a composition identical to composition 23 except that the same active non-yellowing fabric softening quaternary ammonium component was manufactured in a medium of stearyl alcohol instead of alcohol ethoxylate. This composition provided desirable (high) melting temperature, dispensing, and softening characteristics similar to that of composition 23.

Example 6

Another quaternary ammonium component of this invention is represented by a composition identical to composition 23 except that the same active non-yellowing fabric softening quat was manufactured in a medium of behenyl alcohol instead of alcohol ethoxylate. This composition also provided desirable (high) melting temperature, dispensing, and softening characteristics similar to that of composition 23.

Examples 3, 5, and 6 illustrate that the active fabric-softening ingredient can be manufactured in a medium that fits the characteristics of a carrier component. Thus, in one embodiment of this invention, the medium can be chosen such that the manufactured fabric-softener component serves the dual purposes of the fabric softening and carrier and becomes a composition of this invention.

The above specification, examples and data provide a complete description of the manufacture and use of the composition of the invention. Since many embodiments of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention, the invention resides in the claims hereinafter appended.

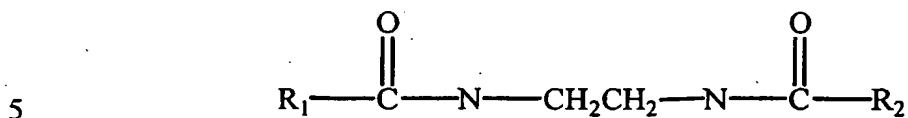
CLAIMS

1. A fabric softener composition comprising a result of melt mixing:
 - (a) fabric softener component; and
 - (b) carrier component;
- 5 wherein the weight ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component is between about 1:19 to about 19:1, and the fabric softener composition exhibits a melting point greater than 90°C.
2. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one quaternary ammonium compound.
- 10 3. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one quaternary ammonium compound selected from at least one of alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds, ring or cyclic quaternary ammonium compounds, aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds, diquaternary ammonium compounds, alkoxyated quaternary ammonium compounds,
- 15 amidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds, ester quaternary ammonium compounds, and mixtures thereof.
4. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises an alkylated quaternary ammonium compound having an alkyl group containing between about 6 and 24 carbon atoms.
- 20 5. A fabric softener composition according to claim 4, wherein the alkylated quaternary ammonium compound comprises at least one of monoalkyl trimethyl quaternary ammonium compound, monomethyl trialkyl quaternary ammonium compound, and dialkyl dimethyl quaternary ammonium compound.
6. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric
- 25 softener component comprises an imidazolinium quaternary ammonium compound.

7. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one of dimethyl alkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, monomethyl dialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, trimethyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, and trialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, wherein the alkyl group contains between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms.
8. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises N-tallow pentamethyl propane diammonium dichloride.
9. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one of methyldialkoxo alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, trialkoxo alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, trialkoxo methyl quaternary ammonium compound, dimethyl alkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, and trimethyl alkoxy quaternary ammonium compound, wherein the alkyl group contains between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms and the alkoxy group contains about 1 and about 50 repeating units, and each repeating alkoxy group contains between about 2 and about 3 carbon atoms.
10. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises a diamidoamine quaternary ammonium compound.
11. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one of methyl bis(tallow amidoethyl)-2-hydroxyl ammonium methyl sulfate, methyl bis(oleylamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methol sulfate, and methyl bis(hydrogenated tallowamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate.
12. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of ethylene bisamides, primary alkylamides, alkanolamides, polyamides, alcohols containing at least 12 carbon atoms, alkoxylated

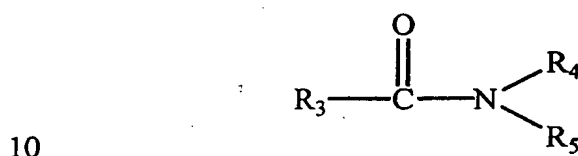
alcohols containing at least 12 carbon atoms, carboxylic acids containing at least about 12 carbon atoms, derivatives thereof, and mixtures thereof.

13. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises ethylene bisamide having the formula:



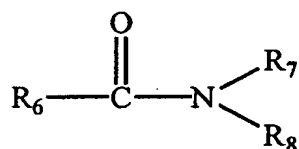
wherein R_1 and R_2 can be the same or different and each are an alkyl group containing at least 6 carbon atoms.

14. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises a primary alkylamide having the formula:



wherein R_3 is an alkyl group containing between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms, and R_4 and R_5 can be the same or different and each are hydrogen or an alkyl group containing 1 to about 24 carbon atoms.

15. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises an alkanolamide having the formula:



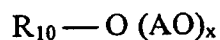
wherein R_6 is an alkyl group containing between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms, and R_7 and R_8 can be the same or different and each are one of hydrogen, C_2H_4OH , and C_3H_6OH .

16. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises an alcohol having the formula:



5 wherein R_9 is an alkyl group containing about 12 to about 24 carbon atoms.

17. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises an alkoxylated alcohol having the formula:



10 wherein R_{10} is an alkyl group containing between about 12 and about 24 carbon atoms, and x is a number from 1 to 100.

18. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of ethylenebistearamide, ethylenebisoleamide, and ethylene bisbehenamide.

15 19. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of stearyl alcohol and behenyl alcohol.

20. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of fabric softener component to carrier component is between about 1:10 and about 10:1.

20 21. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of fabric softener component to carrier component is between about 3:7 and about 9:1.

22. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition further comprises at least one of plasticizer and fragrance.

23. A fabric softener composition according to claim 1, wherein the composition
25 is provided in the form of a solid unit having a size of at least about 5 grams.

24. A method for manufacturing a fabric softener composition, the method comprising a step of:

5 melt mixing a fabric softener component and a carrier component at a weight ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component of between about 1:19 to about 19:1 to provide a fabric softener composition exhibiting a melting point of greater than about 90°C.

25. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one quaternary ammonium compound.

26. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component
10 comprises at least one quaternary ammonium compound selected from at least one of alkylated quaternary ammonium compounds, ring or cyclic quaternary ammonium compounds, aromatic quaternary ammonium compounds, diquaternary ammonium compounds, alkoxylated quaternary ammonium compounds, amidoamine quaternary ammonium compounds, ester quaternary ammonium compounds, and mixtures
15 thereof.

27. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises an alkylated quaternary ammonium compound having an alkyl group containing between about 6 and 24 carbon atoms.

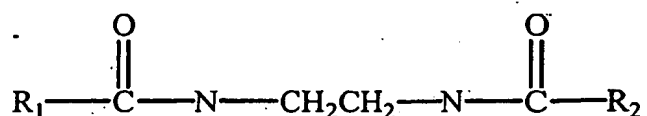
28. A method according to claim 27, wherein the alkylated quaternary ammonium
20 compound comprises at least one of monoalkyl trimethyl quaternary ammonium compound, monomethyl trialkyl quaternary ammonium compound, and dialkyl dimethyl quaternary ammonium compound.

29. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises an imidazolinium quaternary ammonium compound.

25 30. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one of dimethyl alkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound,

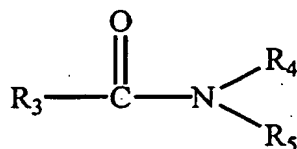
monomethyl dialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, trimethyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, and trialkyl benzyl quaternary ammonium compound, wherein the alkyl group contains between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms.

- 5 31. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises N-tallow pentamethyl propane diammonium dichloride.
32. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises at least one of methyldialkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, trialkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, trialkoxy methyl quaternary
10 ammonium compound, dimethyl alkoxy alkyl quaternary ammonium compound, and trimethyl alkoxy quaternary ammonium compound, wherein the alkyl group contains between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms and the alkoxy group contains about 1 and about 50 repeating units, and each repeating alkoxy group contains between about 2 and about 3 carbon atoms.
- 15 33. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises a diamidoamine quaternary ammonium compound.
34. A method according to claim 24, wherein the fabric softener component comprises methyl bis(tallow amidoethyl) hydroxyl ammonium methyl sulfate, methyl bis(oleylamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methol sulfate, and methyl
20 bis(hydrogenated tallowamidoethyl)-2-hydroxyethyl ammonium methyl sulfate..
35. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of ethylene bisamides, primary alkylamides, alkanolamides, polyamides, alcohols containing at least 12 carbon atoms, alkoxyated alcohols containing at least 12 carbon atoms, carboxylic acids containing at least about 12 carbon atoms,
25 derivatives thereof, and mixtures thereof.
36. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises ethylene bisamide having the formula:



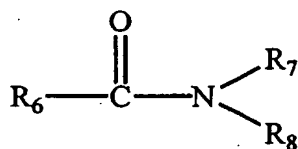
wherein R_1 and R_2 can be the same or different and each are alkyl groups containing at least 6 carbon atoms.

37. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises a
5 primary alkylamide having the formula:



wherein R_3 is an alkyl group containing between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms, and R_4 and R_5 can be the same or different and each are hydrogen or an alkyl group containing about 1 to about 24 carbon atoms.

- 10 38. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises an alkanolamide having the formula:



- 15 wherein R_6 is an alkyl group containing between about 6 and about 24 carbon atoms, and R_7 and R_8 can be the same or different and each are one of hydrogen, C_2H_4OH , and C_3H_6OH .

39. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises an alcohol having the formula:



wherein R₉ is an alkyl group containing about 12 to about 24 carbon atoms.

40. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises an alkoxyated alcohol having the formula:



wherein R₁₀ is an alkyl group containing between about 12 and about 24 carbon atoms, and x is a number from 1 to 100.

41. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of ethylenebistearamide, ethylenebisoleamide, and ethylene bisbehenamide.

10 42. A method according to claim 24, wherein the carrier component comprises at least one of stearyl alcohol and behenyl alcohol.

43. A method according to claim 24, wherein the weight ratio of fabric softener component to carrier component is between about 1:10 and about 10:1.

15 44. A method according to claim 24, wherein the weight ratio of fabric softener component to carrier component is between about 3:7 and about 9:1.

45. A method according to claim 24, wherein the composition further comprises at least one of plasticizer and fragrance.

46. A method according to claim 24, wherein the step of melt mixing comprises mixing at a temperature of at least 100°C.

20 47. A method according to claim 24, wherein the step of melt mixing comprises mixing at a temperature in the range of about 120°C to about 170°C.

48. A method according to claim 24, further comprising the step of:

(a) molding the fabric softener composition into a shape having a size of at least about 5 grams.

49. A method according to claim 48, wherein the shape comprises at least one of a block and a strip.

5 50. A method for using a fabric softener composition, the method comprising steps of:

(a) attaching a fabric softener composition to an inside wall of a dryer, wherein the fabric softener composition comprises a result of melt mixing a fabric softener component and a carrier component at a weight ratio of the fabric softener component to the carrier component of between about 1:19 and about 19:1 to provide
10 a fabric softener composition exhibiting a melting point greater than 90°C; and

(b) drying laundry in the dryer in the presence of the fabric softener composition.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the fabric softener composition loses
15 between about 0.01 gram and about 1.0 gram per pound of dry laundry for each drying cycle.

52. A method according to claim 50, wherein the dryer comprises a tumble dryer.

53. A method according to claim 50, wherein the fabric softener composition has a size of at least about 5 grams.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/US 03/10568

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C11D3/00 C11D11/00 C11D17/04

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C11D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

WPI Data, EPO-Internal, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
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X	EP 0 000 416 A (PROCTER & GAMBLE) 24 January 1979 (1979-01-24) page 11, line 2 - line 9 page 13, line 1 - line 5; example I ---	1-5, 12, 16, 20, 21, 24-28, 35, 39, 43, 44, 46, 47
A	---	6, 19, 23, 29, 42, 48-53
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

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